

The following overview enlists stock-exchange registered companies with current or recent operations in occupied Western Sahara. Updated 18 November 2024. ... Moroccan state oil company ONHYM in January 2018, it can be interpreted that Kosmos has left the door open to return to Western Sahara. In 2016, one of Kosmos Energy's biggest owners, ...

The petroleum products arriving in Western Sahara serve primarily to fuel vehicles, engines and vessels that take part in the illegal plunder of the territory, or are used for military purposes by the Moroccan army. The total quantity of oil transported into occupied Western Sahara during 2022 is estimated at 502,000 tonnes.

The term Sahrawi...is often used to mean "indigenous Western Saharan," although this equivalent is not accurate deed, it is sufficient on most accounts that an "ethnic" Sahrawi only has to claim descent from one of the recognized major or minor social groupings--"tribes" or "confederations"--in or overlapping the former Spanish Sahara....

in Occupied Western Sahara Joanna Allan, Hamza Lakhal and Mahmoud Lemaadel The multiple ecological crises provoked by human activities are linked to and exacerbate the other political, social and economic challenges currently faced by North Africa.¹ In Western Sahara, these challenges and crises are shaped by its continued condition as a colony.

Western Sahara Resource Watch works to uncover the plunder of the territory and to keep companies and governments accountable for their support to the occupation. ... Morocco is still trying to find a company that will connect its illegal energy projects in occupied Western Sahara to the Moroccan grid. Published 04 November 2024. News archive ...

development in Western Sahara. Following publication of the Joint Declaration, we want to take this opportunity to elaborate on Kosmos Energy's activities offshore Western Sahara and outline the compelling case for resource exploration there. This Joint Declaration is the latest evidence of our commitment to the region. From the beginning of our

Study area. The WS is located at 8°40'-17°06"W, 20°46'-27°40"N. Sahrawi, literally "people from the desert", is the name given to tribes of nomadic and pastoral people ...

More than eight years have passed since Siemens first issued a press release regarding a contract for construction of energy infrastructure in occupied Western Sahara. The company then described the territory as "Southern Morocco"; ...

5 ???; The first 1.5GW phase of the Dakhla project, in the disputed Western Sahara territory, is

targeting exports to Northern Europe. ... Emirati national energy company to invest \$10bn ...

Yet another "renewable" energy project is on the horizon in occupied Western Sahara. And it is gigantic. The new solar project is three times as big as the two solar plants so far constructed in Western Sahara, combined. The information about the new 350 MW solar plant in Boujdour appears on the website of Morocco's Ministry for Energy ...

International oil companies continue to manoeuvre ahead of the controversial start of drilling in Moroccan-licensed acreage offshore the disputed Western Sahara - a development that is hotly contested by the Polisario Front independence movement and its supporters. Amid speculation that more Morocco players might join Kosmos Energy and ...

Timeline - Kosmos/Cairn in occupied Western Sahara . 29 October 2004. Kosmos Energy partners with Kerr-McGee for the "Boujdour block", with a 30% share. 7 November 2005. Kosmos Energy first states that it plans to drill off the coast of Western Sahara. 2006. Kerr-McGee leaves Western Sahara. Kosmos Energy signs an agreement for the ...

Dakhla (Arabic: دakhla, lit. "The Peninsula", Hassaniyya: [d̪aːχla]) (i) is a city in the disputed territory of Western Sahara, [2] currently occupied by Morocco. [3] [4] It is the capital of the claimed Moroccan administrative region Dakhla-Oued Ed-Dahab has a population of 106,277 [1] and is on a narrow peninsula of the Atlantic Coast, the Rio de Oro Peninsula, about 550 ...

North Africa is inextricably linked with the broader Middle East through language, religion, and history. The Arab Gulf states (particularly Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates (UAE)) have taken a strong interest in North Africa over the past few decades, using financial assistance, private sector investment, and trade as a way to influence ...

A Moroccan energy ministry official revealed plans this week to build 1.4 gigawatts of new wind and solar power in the disputed region of Western Sahara by 2027, according to Bloomberg. This initiative will nearly double the area's current renewable energy capacity. Additionally, a 3-gigawatt power cable project

Then we were ordered to leave Western Sahara. Now we're in an escort heading to Agadir," says Heltne. They had traveled to occupied Western Sahara to learn more about Morocco's controversial renewable energy projects in the territory. Western Sahara is considered by the UN as the last unresolved colonial issue on the African continent.

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